1 *E-filed on* <u>7/14/06</u> 2 3 4 5 6 7 IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 8 9 FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA SAN JOSE DIVISION 10 11 12 IN RE CYGNUS TELECOMMUNICATIONS No. MDL-1423 TECHNOLOGY, LLC, PATENT This Order Applies to All Actions 13 LITIGATION C-02-00142 RMW 14 C-02-00145 RMW THIS ORDER RELATES TO: C-02-05437 RMW 15 All Actions C-03-03594 RMW C-03-03596 RMW 16 C-03-03378 RMW C-03-04003 RMW 17 C-03-05758 RMW C-04-01791 RMW 18 C-04-03001 RMW C-04-03365 RMW 19 C-04-04247 RMW C-04-04359 RMW 20 C-05-01291 RMW C-06-03843 RMW 21 C-06-04295 RMW 22 MISCELLANEOUS ORDER I. DISCOVERY ISSUES 23 24 In a June 21, 2006 scheduling order, the court instructed the parties to develop a discovery 25 depository to facilitate all parties' access to documents in these coordinated actions. The parties requested a phone conference to resolve three discovery issues: (1) how to divide the cost of setting 26 27 up and maintaining the discovery depository, (2) who bears the cost of producing documents in 28 Cygnus's possession, and (3) who should host the depository site. MISCELLANEOUS ORDER-MDL-1423

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## A. Cost of the discovery depository

Cygnus's position is that Cygnus and each defendant should pay an equal share of the cost. The defense position is that Cygnus should pay half the cost and the defendants collectively should pay half the cost.

If Cygnus had sued only one defendant, presumably each would bear approximately half the costs of discovery. The court doubts that adding an additional defendant to this hypothetical situation would greatly increase the discovery required to be produced by Cygnus. Conversely, it is unlikely that there would be substantial overlap between each defendant's discovery production, so an additional defendant would significantly add to the discovery deposited. During the phone conference, Cygnus reported there were seventeen defendants. While Cygnus appears to have named more than seventeen entities as defendants in these actions, the court will accept seventeen as the number of defendants important for discovery purposes.

Since it appears reasonable to assume Cygnus's discovery production in these actions, except for its original production, will not be significantly greater than that of an individual defendant, and there are by Cygnus's estimation eighteen parties important for discovery, the court orders Cygnus to bear 11 percent of the cost of the discovery depository (approximately 2/18ths or 1/9th) and the defendants to collectively bear the other 89 percent (approximately 16/18ths or 8/9th). For simplicity, this ratio will not change as defendants are added or removed from proceedings before this court. Each participating defendant shall presumptively bear an equal share of the defendants' portion of the cost, though the defendants are free to make other arrangements among themselves.

## B. Cost of producing documents in Cygnus's possession

Cygnus's counsel possesses approximately twenty-five boxes of documents from past cases. Defendants want access to all these documents. Cygnus argues that it should bear no part of the cost of producing these documents except for the few it intends to use. According to Cygnus, the documents include multiple copies of the patents-in-suit, very similar complaints, and material produced in discovery by defendants in related cases (including some defendants that remain in these actions). Liaison counsel for the defendants proposed that defendants initially bear the cost of scanning these documents, with leave to move at a later date to shift some of the cost to Cygnus.

This proposal seems reasonable,<sup>1</sup> but the court will wait to hear from liaison counsel a firm estimate of the cost of such production before making a final ruling. Liaison counsel's estimate shall take into consideration the following paragraph.

The defendants will under no circumstances be reimbursed for the costs of scanning copies of the patents-in-suit. The defendants will also not be reimbursed for scanning documents related to lawsuits where there was no discovery or disclosures (voluntary or made under Fed.R.Civ.P. 26), no settlement negotiations, and no default judgments entered. Materials related to reexaminations of the patents-in-suit publicly available on the USPTO website also need not be scanned. Defendants should also be mindful of the limitations of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, such as Fed.R.Civ.P. 26(b)(2)(i), which states that discovery should not be "unreasonably cumulative or duplicative, or . . . obtainable from some other source that is more convenient, less burdensome, or less expensive." Discoverable material in Cygnus's possession includes, at a minimum, settlements not ordered kept confidential by a court, as well as any discovery responses, voluntary disclosures, required disclosures, and settlement-related papers. Cygnus shall provide liaison counsel with an itemization of any confidential documents.

## C. Host for depository

Defendant Interactive Media Technologies Inc. d/b/a GlobalTel has volunteered to host the depository site at a below-market rate. As counsel estimates this will save several thousand dollars, the court will approve it. GlobalTel's hosting of the site is subject to modification or substitution if the hosting is not being properly performed.

## II. LIAISON COUNSEL ISSUES

Also at the phone conference, several issues relating to the duties of liaison counsel arose.

### A. Defendants who have not consented to representation by liaison counsel

The defendants have generally selected Kieran Fallon, counsel for GlobalTel, as liaison counsel. Fallon reports that defendants TelCan Inc., Mike Choren, and Access Network Services

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Under *Zubulake v. UBS Warberg LLC*, cited by Cygnus, "the presumption is that the responding party must bear the expense of complying with discovery requests," though "requests that run afoul of the Rule 26(b)(2) proportionality test may subject the requesting party to protective orders under Rule 26(c), including orders conditioning discovery on the requesting party's payment of the costs of discovery." 216 F.R.D. 280, 283 (S.D.N.Y. 2003) (quotation marks omitted).

have not responded to his communications. Fallon is, of course, excused from representing those defendants as liaison counsel unless they subsequently consent; he should, however, make reasonable efforts to coordinate the efforts of the defendants he does represent with any action taken by defendants he does not. Sanctions may be awarded against any defendant who fails to cooperate with liaison counsel.

## B. Scope of liaison counsel's duties

The parties sought instruction on whether liaison counsel would be responsible for discovery disputes involving individual defendants. The court envisions liaison counsel's primary responsibilities to be coordinating discovery and motion practice. If a discovery dispute arises involving a single defendant, liaison counsel should ensure Cygnus and other defendants are not aware of similar issues that could be dealt with at the same time. Liaison counsel should also attempt to ensure that individual discovery disputes are scheduled in a manner that makes sense for these actions as a whole. Liaison counsel is not responsible for briefing an individual discovery dispute (unless it involves GlobalTel); such briefing should be done by counsel for the defendant involved.

#### C. New actions

The Panel on Multidistrict Litigation continues to transfer in additional cases, most recently Case No. 06-03843 from the Eastern District of California and Case No. 06-04295 from the District of Arizona. Cygnus and liaison counsel shall confer with the defendants in these two actions and determine whether these new defendants can and should follow the June 21, 2006 scheduling order. The court would strongly prefer that the new defendants were included in the discovery and motion practice leading up to the November 20, 2006 hearing. The parties are to report back to the court the results of these discussions.

## III. AT&T'S MOTION FOR CLARIFICATION

AT&T has filed a motion seeking clarification of the June 21, 2006 scheduling order. The court clarifies the order as follows: Motions for summary judgment of invalidity or infringement that involve the construction of claim terms, whether the construction is disputed or not, will be heard on November 20, 2006, or at a later date if the claim construction adopted by the court is not

# Case 5:05-cv-01291-RMW Document 37 Filed 07/14/06 Page 5 of 7

1	legitimately anticipated by a party and the court gives that party leave to file an additional motion		
2	for summary judgment. The twenty-five interrogatories from all defendants jointly shall be		
3	propounded in one set. The ten interrogatories allowed each defendant may be propounded in more		
4	than one set. Assuming these actions are not resolved on the motions heard on November 20, the		
5	court will thereafter allow further discovery.		
6	Romannistati		
7	DATED: 7/14/06 Kmala M Whyte		
8	United States District Judge		
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## Case 5:05-cv-01291-RMW Document 37 Filed 07/14/06 Page 7 of 7

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18	David T. Alexander MBV Law LLP	Courtesy Copy:	
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23	Counsel for plaintiff is responsible for ensuring that involved attorneys not on the above service list receive a copy of this order, if necessary, and shall inform the court of any omissions.		
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